Loss Prevention Safety Tip



PREVENTING SLIPS, TRIPS & FALLS

Slips and falls are one of the most common causes of non-fatal major injuries. All home, business and property owners are responsible for managing the risks of slipping and tripping to prevent injury and liability claims. Effective solutions are often simple, affordable and easy to implement.

Falls can be classified into the following four accident categories:

- 1. Trip & Fall caused due to encountering a foreign obstacle or object in the walking path.
- 2. Stump & Fall- caused when a moving foot comes across an impediment on the surface, which could be a tacky point or a defect that impedes the foot.
- 3. Step & Fall caused when the foot finds an unexpected failure, void or hole in the walking surface.
- 4. Slip & Trip caused when the contact between the sole of the shoe and the floor fails to lend support to the walker's center of gravity.

Assessing the risks of slips, trips and falls:

1. Look for slip and trip hazards around your home, including floor coverings and their condition, uneven floors, stairways and handrails, condition of walkways, trailing cables and areas that are sometimes slippery



due to spillages. Don't forget to include any outdoor areas, remembering that weather conditions may be a factor. Snow covered, icy steps and walkways pose a serious slipping hazard.

2. Decide who might be harmed and how. Who comes onto your property? Are they at risk? Are some individuals more at risk than others?

3. Consider the risks. Are there already measures in place to deal with the risks? Are floor coverings suitable for the area? Do stairways have handrails? Are walking surfaces straight and level? Do you conduct regular inspections? Are family members or guests instructed to keep traffic routes clear?

4. Regularly review your home and yard. If any significant changes take place, make sure that precautions are still adequate to deal with the risks.

Reducing the risks of slips, trips and falls

Reducing the risks of falls is usually easy, costs little or no money and often has other benefits.

Handrails & Guardrails

Prevent trip and fall accidents by having appropriate handrails & guardrails installed. The National Building Code of Canada requires a handrail be installed on interior and exterior stairs having more than three risers. Guardrails must be in place on all open sides of decks, patios and landings where the elevation exceeds 24".

Changes in level and slopes

Ensure the height between stairs and landings is consistent. Even a slight difference in height can create a loss of balance and a potential fall or injury. Walkway surfaces should be smooth and level as raised or depressed areas increase the risk of trips and falls. To prevent accidents in stairway and walkway areas, improve visibility and lighting, install handrails and add tread markers or other floor markings.

Poor lighting

Improve lighting levels and placement of fixtures to provide a more even lighting level over all pedestrian areas. Promptly replace broken and defective light bulbs and switches.

Slippery surfaces

Assess the cause of slipperiness and treat or clean accordingly. For example, treat chemically and use appropriate cleaning materials and methods. In some cases you may need to repair or replace the floor surface. Use ice melt, salt or sand during the winter months to prevent slipping in outdoor areas.

Spillages

Clean up all spills immediately and sweep debris from walking areas. If the floor is wet or oily, use appropriate signs to mark the area and communicate that extra care is needed. Alternatively, use another route until the spillage or wetness is gone.

Trailing cables

Place equipment to avoid cables crossing pedestrian routes. Use cable guards to cover trailing cables where required.

Change of surface from wet to dry

Warn pedestrians of surface change risks by using signs and markers and locate doormats where these changes are likely.

Rugs or mats

Where rugs or mats are used, make sure they are securely fixed and that edges or corners do not present a tripping hazard.

See more loss prevention tips at www.preventingloss.com

While the safety recommendations in this report are based on apparent and obvious conditions that were found at the time of inspection, the report does not purport to identify all hazards or guarantee compliance with any standards, codes, ordinances or regulations. It is not legal or expert advice, and should not be used in place of consultation with appropriate professionals. Any person relying on this information does so entirely at their own risk. Red River Mutual denies all responsibility for any liability, loss, injury or risk which is incurred as a direct or indirect result of the use of any of the recommendations in this report.